





Financial statements

31 December 2016

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Unicons Investment Construction Company Limited

(formerly known as Uy Nam Investment Construction Joint Stock Company)

GENERAL INFORMATION

THE COMPANY

Unicons Investment Construction Company Limited ("the Company"), formerly known as Uy Nam Investment Construction Joint Stock Company, is currently a one-member limited liability company incorporated under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to Business Registration Certificate ("BRC") No. 4103005020 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment ("DPI") of Ho Chi Minh City on 14 July 2006, as amended.

According to the 12th and 13rd amended Enterprise Registration Certificate issued by the DPI of Ho Chi Minh City on 16 May 2016 and 24 May 2016, respectively, the Company has been transformed its ownership form from a shareholding company to a one-member limited liability company, and changed its name to Unicons Investment Construction Company Limited.

The current principal activities of the Company are providing construction services, equipment installation services, and trading of construction materials.

The Company's registered office is located at 5th – 6th Floors, 236/6 Dien Bien Phu Street, Ward 17, Binh Thanh District, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

MEMBERS' COUNCIL

Members of Members' Council during the period and at the date of this report are:

Mr Nguyen Ba Duong	Chairmar
Mr Nguyen Sy Cong	Member
Mr Tran Quang Quan	Member
Mr Tran Quang Tuan	Member
Mr Dang Hoai Nam	Member

BOARD OF SUPERVISION

Members of the Board of Supervision during the period and at the date of this report are:

Ms Ha Tieu Anh	Head of Board	
Mr Tran Van Tien	Member	
Mr Vo Anh Tuan	Member	

MANAGEMENT

Members of the Management during the period and at the date of this report are:

General Director	
Deputy General Director	
Deputy General Director	
Deputy General Director	
Deputy General Director	appointed on 21 October 2016
	Deputy General Director Deputy General Director Deputy General Director

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE

The legal representative of the Company during the period and at the date of this report is Mr Nguyen Sy Cong.

AUDITORS

The auditor of the Company is Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited.

REPORT OF MANAGEMENT

Management of Unicons Investment Construction Company Limited ("the Company") is pleased to present its report and the financial statements of the Company for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the financial statements of each financial period which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and of the results of its operations and its cash flows for the period. In preparing those financial statements, management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- ▶ prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue its business.

Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Company and to ensure that the accounting records comply with the applied accounting system. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Management confirmed that it has complied with the above requirements in preparing the accompanying financial statements.

STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT

Management does hereby state that, in its opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2016 and of the results of its operations and its cash flows for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016 in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of financial statements.

For and on behalf of management:

Nguyen Sy Cong

General Director

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Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam



Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited 28th Floor, Bitexco Financial Tower 2 Hai Trieu Street, District 1 Ho Chi Minh City, S.R. of Vietnam Tel: +84 8 3824 5252 Fax: +84 8 3824 5250 ev.com

Reference: 60924548/18590268

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To: Members' Council of Unicons Investment Construction Company Limited

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Unicons Investment Construction Company Limited ("the Company") as prepared on 28 February 2017 and set out on pages 5 to 28, which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2016, and the income statement and the cash flow statement for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016 and the notes thereto.

Management's responsibility

The Company's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of the financial statements, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2016, and of the results of its operations and its cash flows for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016 in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of the financial statements.

Emphasis of matter

We draw attention to Notes 2.6 and 3.1 of the accompanying financial statements, stating that the financial statements for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016 are prepared to assist the Company in meeting the reporting requirements to relevant regulators following requirement of Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 22 December 2014. Accordingly, the corresponding figures of the income statement and cash flow statement for the period from 1 January 2016 to 15 May 2016 and the related notes thereto are not comparable with the current period's figures.

Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited

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TRÁCH MHIỆM HỮU HẠN
ERNST & YOUNG
VIỆT NAM

Tran Nam Dung
Deputy General Director
Audit Practicing Registration Certificate

No. 3021-2014-004-1

Nguyen Quoc Hoang

Auditor

Audit Practicing Registration Certificate

No. 2787-2016-004-1

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

BALANCE SHEET as at 31 December 2016

VND

				VND
Code	ASSETS	Notes	31 December 2016	16 May 2016
100	A. CURRENT ASSETS		2,034,734,513,176	1,295,347,893,189
110 111 112	Cash and cash equivalents Cash Cash Cash equivalents	4	209,958,856,715 49,958,856,715 160,000,000,000	164,993,095,065 24,993,095,065 140,000,000,000
120 123	II. Short-term investment 1. Held-to-maturity investments	5	135,000,000,000 135,000,000,000	218,100,000,000 218,100,000,000
130 131 132	Current accounts receivable Short-term trade receivables Short-term advances to	6	1,524,025,438,774 1,415,783,588,290	516,102,040,934 428,253,471,867
136 137	suppliers 3. Other short-term receivables 4. Provision for doubtful	7 8	32,913,022,553 75,584,428,811	21,979,011,254 66,415,803,271
	short-term receivables	6	(255,600,880)	(546,245,458)
140 141	IV. Inventory 1. Inventories	9	165,361,081,856 165,361,081,856	383,071,975,570 383,071,975,570
150 151 152	V. Other current assets 1. Short-term prepaid expenses 2. Value-added tax deductible	10	389,135,831 389,135,831	13,080,781,620 6,716,112,417 6,364,669,203
200	B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS		201,799,926,165	162,292,698,785
210 216	Long-term receivable Other long-term receivables		253,976,000 253,976,000	253,976,000 253,976,000
220 221 222	II. Fixed assets 1. Tangible fixed assets Cost	11	108,451,270,050 96,563,019,647 143,278,285,979	83,888,274,125 71,984,016,877 112,992,862,607
223 227 228 229	Accumulated depreciation 2. Intangible assets Cost Accumulated amortisation	12	(46,715,266,332) 11,888,250,403 13,916,126,758 (2,027,876,355)	(41,008,845,730) 11,904,257,248 13,735,876,758 (1,831,619,510)
240 242	III. Long-term asset in progress 1. Construction in progress	13	63,542,527 63,542,527	9,401,506,811 9,401,506,811
260 261 262	Other long-term assets Long-term prepaid expenses Deferred tax assets	10 25.3	93,031,137,588 93,031,137,588	68,748,941,849 68,597,661,577 151,280,272
270	TOTAL ASSETS		2,236,534,439,341	1,457,640,591,974

BALANCE SHEET (continued) as at 31 December 2016

VND

				VND
Code	RESOURCES	Notes	31 December 2016	16 May 2016
300	C. LIABILITIES		1,524,362,774,985	927,206,130,508
310 311 312	Current liabilities Short-term trade payables Short-term advances from	14	1,524,362,774,985 882,351,207,758	926,483,824,202 568,170,902,465
313 315 319 321 322	customers 3. Statutory obligations 4. Short-term accrued expenses 5. Other short-term payables 6. Short-term provision 7. Bonus and welfare fund	15 16 17 18 19	21,028,033,105 78,613,173,845 465,314,920,585 40,783,593,913 24,592,996,321 11,678,849,458	49,932,591,593 6,534,433,567 227,751,997,277 22,357,144,284 40,057,905,558 11,678,849,458
330 342	II. Non-current liability 1. Long-term provision	19	-	722,306,306 722,306,306
400	D. OWNER'S EQUITY		712,171,664,356	530,434,461,466
410 411 414 418 421 421a	Capital Contributed charter capital Cother owner's capital Investment and development fund Undistributed earnings Undistributed earnings	20.1	712,171,664,356 94,500,000,000 89,996,634,545 164,812,563,156 362,862,466,655 181,125,263,765	530,434,461,466 94,500,000,000 89,996,634,545 164,812,563,156 181,125,263,765 141,616,561,192
421b	of prior periods - Undistributed earnings of current period		181,737,202,890	39,508,702,573
440	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNER'S EQUITY		2,236,534,439,341	1,457,640,591,974

Ngo Hong Nguyen Preparer

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Nguyen Thi Phuc Long Chief Accountant Nguyen Sy Cong General Director

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INCOME STATEMENT for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

VND

					VNL
Code	ITEMS		Notes	Current period	Previous period
10		revenue from sale of goods rendering of services	21.1	4,188,004,391,828	1,185,490,895,927
11		et of goods sold and vices rendered	22	(3,923,431,378,807)	(1,121,591,778,162)
20		ess profit from sale of goods rendering of services		264,573,013,021	63,899,117,765
21	4. Fin	ance income	21.2	16,427,368,076	6,126,252,264
22 23		ance expenses n which: Interest expense		(158,876,543) (153,055,556)	(398,960)
25	6. Sel	ling expenses		(419,570,755)	(1,468,283,945)
26		neral and administrative enses	23	(62,631,281,088)	(26,044,739,145)
30	8. Ope	erating profit	-	217,790,652,711	42,511,947,979
31	9. Oth	er income	24	11,877,268,952	7,503,461,793
32	10. Oth	er expenses	24	(1,121,645,953)	(517,683,475)
40	11. Oth	er profit	24	10,755,622,999	6,985,778,318
50	12. Acc	counting profit before tax		228,546,275,710	49,497,726,297
51		rent corporate income tax ense	25.1	(46,657,792,548)	(9,996,498,322)
52	14. Def	erred tax (expense) income	25.3	(151,280,272)	7,474,598
60	15. Net	profit after tax		181,737,202,890	39,508,702,573

Ngo Hong Nguyen Preparer Nguyen Thi Phuc Long Chief Accountant Nguyen Sy Cong General Director

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CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

VND

Code	ITEMS	Notes	Current period	Previous period
01	I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Accounting profit before tax		228,546,275,710	49,497,726,297
02	Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortisation		200 minutes (100 m	
	of fixed assets	11, 12		4,875,612,889
03 04	Provisions Foreign exchange gains arising from revaluation of monetary accounts denominated in foreign		(16,477,860,121)	(13,501,670,259)
05	currency Profit from investing activities		(12,022,850) (16,382,729,227)	(6,153,902) (6,099,645,752)
06	Interest expense		153,055,556	(0,099,043,732)
08	Operating profit before changes in		205 240 740 270	24 705 000 070
09	working capital (Increase) decrease in receivables		205,248,710,270 (1,005,494,467,392)	34,765,869,273 406,762,118,616
10	Decrease (increase) in inventories		217,710,893,714	(228,506,122,581)
11	Increase (decrease) in payables		592,835,610,260	(165,177,453,679
12	Increase in prepaid expenses		(18,106,499,425)	(10,093,794,730
14	Interest paid		(153,055,556)	
15	Corporate income tax paid	16	(27,045,492,711)	(21,763,521,916
17	Other cash outflows for operating activities		-	(200,276,628)
20	Net cash flows (used in) from operating activities		(35,004,300,840)	15,786,818,355
0.4	II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(05 400 540 440)	(40.045.000.504)
21 22	Purchase of fixed assets Proceeds from disposals of		(25,429,548,110)	(16,045,280,594
22	fixed assets		1,732,319,332	9,090,909
23 24	Investments in term deposits Proceeds from divestments term		-	(90,000,000,000
27	deposits Interest received		83,100,000,000 20,559,594,464	4,810,015,958
30	Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities		79,962,365,686	(101,226,173,730
33 34	III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Drawdown of borrowings Repayment of borrowings		50,000,000,000 (50,000,000,000)	3
40	Net cash flows from financing activities		-	,

CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued) for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

VND

Code	ITEMS	Notes	Current period	Previous period
50	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		44,958,064,846	(85,439,355,375)
60	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		164,993,095,065	250,432,318,698
61	Impact of exchange rate fluctuation		7,696,804	131,742
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	4	209,958,856,715	164,993,095,065

Ngo Hong Nguyen Preparer Nguyen Thi Phuc Long Chief Accountant General Director

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as at 31 December 2016 and for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Unicons Investment Construction Company Limited ("the Company"), formerly known as Uy Nam Investment Construction Joint Stock Company, is currently a one-member limited liability company incorporated under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to Business Registration Certificate ("BRC") No. 4103005020 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment ("DPI") of Ho Chi Minh City on 14 July 2006, as amended.

According to the 12th and 13rd amended Enterprise Registration Certificate issued by the DPI of Ho Chi Minh City on 16 May 2016 and 24 May 2016, respectively, the Company has been transformed its ownership form from a shareholding company to a one-member limited liability company, and changed its name to Unicons Investment Construction Company Limited.

The current principal activities of the Company are providing construction services, equipment installation services, and trading of construction materials.

The Company's registered office is located at 5th - 6th Floors, 236/6 Dien Bien Phu Street, Ward 17, Binh Thanh District, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

The number of the Company's employees as at 31 December 2016 was 834 (15 May 2016: 851).

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Purpose of preparing the financial statements

Following requirement in the Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC providing guidance of the enterprise accounting system dated 22 December 2014 issued the Ministry of Finance ("Circular 200"), when transforming the enterprise's ownership form, the Company has to prepare the financial statements in accordance with guidance as presented in Note 3.1. Accordingly, the financial statements for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016 are prepared to assist the Company in submitting the financial statements to relevant regulators required by Circular 200.

2.2 Accounting standards and system

The financial statements of the Company, expressed in Vietnam dong ("VND"), are prepared in accordance with the Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and Vietnamese Accounting Standards issued by the Ministry of Finance as per:

- ▶ Decision No. 149/2001/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2001 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 1);
- ▶ Decision No. 165/2002/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2002 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 2);
- ▶ Decision No. 234/2003/QD-BTC dated 30 December 2003 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 3);
- ▶ Decision No. 12/2005/QD-BTC dated 15 February 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 4); and
- ▶ Decision No. 100/2005/QD-BTC dated 28 December 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 5).

Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements, including their utilisation are not designed for those who are not informed about Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices and furthermore are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2016 and for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

2.3 Applied accounting documentation system

The Company's applied accounting documentation system is the General Journal system.

2.4 Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year applicable for the preparation of its financial statements starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

During the year 2016, the Company transformed the enterprise ownership, from a shareholding company into a one-member limited liability company, from 16 May 2016. Therefore, following requirement of Circular 200 relevant to preparation and presentation of financial statements in transformation of enterprise ownership, the Company's first fiscal period as a limited liability company started on 16 May 2016 and ended on 31 December 2016.

2.5 Accounting currency

The financial statements are prepared in VND which is also the Company's accounting currency.

2.6 Comparative information

As mentioned above, the Company was officially transformed from a shareholding company into a one-member limited liability company from 16 May 2016. Therefore, following requirement of Circular 200 relevant to preparation and presentation of financial statements in transformation of enterprise ownership form, the Company's current fiscal period applicable for preparation and presentation of these financial statements started on 16 May 2016 and ended on 31 December 2016. Accordingly, the corresponding figures of the income statement and cash flow statement for the period from 1 January 2016 to 15 May 2016 and the related notes thereto are presented for information purposes and are not comparable with the current period's figures.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Principles of preparation and presentation of financial statements in transformation of enterprise ownership form

According to Circular 200, when transforming the enterprise's ownership form, in the first fiscal period after transformation, the Company has to prepare and present the financial statements in accordance with the following principles:

- ▶ For the balance sheet: All balances of assets, liabilities and owner's equity of the Company prior to transformation of ownership form, which are the balances as at 16 May 2016, are presented in the opening balance column. The ending balance column presents the balances of the end of the first reporting period, which are the balances as at 31 December 2016; and
- ▶ For income statement and cash flow statement: Cumulative figures from the date of transformation of ownership form up to the end of first reporting period, which are transactions for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016, are presented in the current period column (hereinafter referred to as "Current period"). The previous period column presented the cumulative figures, for the period from 1 January 2016 to 15 May 2016 (hereinafter referred to as "Previous period").

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2016 and for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash in banks and short-term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of less than three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

3.3 Receivables

Receivables are presented in the financial statements at the carrying amounts due from customers and other debtors, along with the provision for doubtful receivables.

The provision for doubtful receivables represents amounts of outstanding receivables at the balance sheet date which are doubtful of being recovered. Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded as general and administrative expense in the income statement.

3.4 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition, and net realisable value.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs to complete and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The perpetual method is used to record inventories, which are valued as follows:

Construction materials - cost of purchase on a weighted average basis;

Construction work in process - cost of direct materials and labour plus attributable construction overheads.

Provision for obsolete inventories

An inventory provision is created for the estimated loss arising due to the impairment of value (through diminution, damage, obsolescence, etc.) of construction materials, and construction work-in-process owned by the Company, based on appropriate evidence of impairment available at the balance sheet date.

Increases and decreases to the provision balance are recorded into the cost of goods sold account in the income statement.

3.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the tangible fixed asset to working condition for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements and renewals are added to the carrying amount of the assets and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to the income statement as incurred.

When tangible fixed assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the income statement.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2016 and for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.6 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation.

The cost of an intangible asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of preparing the intangible asset for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements and renewals are added to the carrying amount of the assets and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to the income statement as incurred.

When intangible assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the income statement.

Land use rights

The advance payment for land rental and land use right certificate being issued, are recorded as intangible asset according to Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 25 April 2013 guiding the management, use and depreciation of fixed assets.

3.7 Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets and amortisation of intangible assets are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows:

Buildings and structures	6 - 30 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 10 years
Means of transportation	3 - 8 years
Office equipment	3 - 5 years
Others	5 - 6 years
Land use rights	50 years
Computer software	3 years

3.8 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are reported as short-term and long-term prepaid expenses on the balance sheet and amortised over the period for which the amounts are paid or the period in which economic benefits are generated in relation to these expenses.

Tools and supplies used for construction are amortised to the income statement over the period of one (1) to five (5) years on the straight-line basis.

3.9 Payables and accruals

Payables and accruals are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

3.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provision for warranty obligation of construction projects is estimated at 0.5% on value of projects.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2016 and for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.11 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the Company's reporting currency of VND are recorded at the actual transaction exchange rates at transaction dates which are determined as follows:

- transaction resulting in receivables are recorded at the buying exchange rates of the commercial banks designated for collection;
- transactions resulting in liabilities are recorded at the selling exchange rates of the commercial banks designated for payment; and
- payments for assets or expenses without liabilities initially being recognised is recorded at the buying exchange rates of the commercial banks that process these payments.

At the end of the period, monetary balances denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the actual exchange rates at the balance sheet dates which are determined as follows:

- monetary assets are translated at buying exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company conduct transactions regularly; and
- monetary liabilities are translated at selling exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company conduct transactions regularly.

All exchange differences incurred during the period and arising from the revaluation of monetary accounts denominated in foreign currency at period-end are taken to the income statement.

3.12 Appropriation of net profits

Net profit after tax is available for appropriation to owners after their approval, and after making appropriation to reserve funds in accordance with the Company's Charter and Vietnam's regulatory requirements.

Investment and development fund

This fund is set aside for use in the Company's expansion or upgrading of its operation or in-depth investments.

Bonus and welfare fund

This fund is set aside for the purpose of pecuniary rewarding and encouragement, common benefits and improvement of the employees' benefits, and presented as a liability on the balance sheet.

3.13 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding trade discount, rebate and sales return. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

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Unicons Investment Construction Company Limited (formerly known as Uy Nam Investment Construction Joint Stock Company)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2016 and for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.13 Revenue recognition (continued)

Construction contracts

For the construction contracts specifying that the contractor will receive payments according to the completed work, where the outcome of a construction contract can be determined reliably and accepted by the customers, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the balance sheet date which is accepted by the customers and reflected in the sales invoices.

Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that they have been agreed with the customer.

Where the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

Sale of merchandises

Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the merchandise goods have passed to the buyer, usually upon the delivery of the goods.

Interest

Revenue is recognised as the interest accrues (taking into account the effective yield on the asset) unless collectability is in doubt.

3.14 Taxation

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted as at the balance sheet date.

Current income tax is charged or credited to the income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the deferred current income tax is also dealt with in equity.

Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses can be utilised.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2016 and for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.14 Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised. Previously unrecognised deferred income tax assets are re-assessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited to the income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in the equity account.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied on the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		VND
	31 December 2016	16 May 2016
Cash on hand	223,934,350	1,010,278,276
Cash at banks	49,734,922,365	23,982,816,789
Cash equivalents (*)	160,000,000,000	140,000,000,000
TOTAL	209,958,856,715	164,993,095,065

(*) Cash equivalents represent deposits at commercial banks with original maturity of less than three (3) months and earn interest at the rates ranging from 4.9% to 5.5% per annum.

5. HELD-TO-MATURITY INVESTMENTS

Held-to-maturity investments represent deposits at commercial banks with original maturity of six (6) months to less than one (1) year and earn interest at the rates ranging from 5.4% to 6.8% per annum.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2016 and for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

6. SHORT-TERM TRADE RECEIVABLES

7

8.

	31 December 2016	VND 16 May 2016
Other parties - Dai Quang Minh Real Estate Investment JSC - Vietnam TCO Investment JSC - Other customers Related parties (Note 26)	812,552,841,915 202,310,456,395 198,777,782,474 411,464,603,046 603,230,746,375	239,005,877,825 64,710,466,407 - 174,295,411,418 189,247,594,042
TOTAL	1,415,783,588,290	428,253,471,867
Provision for doubtful short-term receivables	(255,600,880)	(546,245,458)
NET .	1,415,527,987,410	427,707,226,409
Movements of provision for doubtful short-term	m receivables:	
	Current period	VND Previous period
Beginning balance Less: Write-off during the period	546,245,458 (290,644,578)	546,245,458
Ending balance	255,600,880	546,245,458
SHORT-TERM ADVANCES TO SUPPLIERS		
	31 December 2016	VND 16 May 2016
Sado Group Hoan Thien Trading Production Co., Ltd Other suppliers	3,706,344,991 - 29,206,677,562	3,902,250,762 18,076,760,492
TOTAL	32,913,022,553	21,979,011,254
OTHER SHORT-TERM RECEIVABLES		
	31 December 2016	VND 16 May 2016
Advances to construction team and employees Receivable from advance for housing purchase Interest receivables Others	72,299,638,385 - 2,946,027,777 338,762,649	42,230,458,378 16,475,318,000 7,172,411,110 537,615,783
TOTAL	75,584,428,811	66,415,803,271

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2016 and for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

9. INVENTORIES

10.

TOTAL

INVENTORIES		
		VND
	31 December 2016	16 May 2016
Construction works in process (*) Construction materials	165,361,081,856	355,450,099,003 27,621,876,567
TOTAL	165,361,081,856	383,071,975,570
(*) The details of work in process of on-going cor	struction projects are	e as follows:
		VND
	31 December 2016	16 May 2016
Park City - Sector 2 Preche Project	52,753,019,851 45,509,164,926	22,700,011,156
Sarica Dai Quang Minh Far Eastern - Binh Phuoc	18,693,791,585	22,982,407,635
Tan Kieng High-rise Building	17,733,149,256 10,059,867,318	65,825,148,161
Vinasoy - Binh Duong	5,414,002,615	8,464,272,711
Five Star Garden Apartment	2,692,929,346	53,487,374,144
Masteri Thao Dien - CT1 Tower	=	51,365,677,059
Others	12,505,156,959	130,625,208,137
TOTAL	165,361,081,856	355,450,099,003
PREPAID EXPENSES		
		VND
	31 December 2016	16 May 2016
Short-term		
Constructions tools and supplies Others	389,135,831	6,276,167,037 439,945,380
	389,135,831	6,716,112,417
Long-term		
Constructions tools and supplies	89,596,760,497	68,545,763,804
Others	3,434,377,091	51,897,773
	93,031,137,588	68,597,661,577

93,420,273,419

75,313,773,994

Unicons Investment Construction Company Limited (formerly known as Uy Nam Investment Construction Joint Stock Company)

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Buildings and	Machinery and	Means of	Office		NND
	structures	equipment	transportation	equipment	Others	Total
As at 16 May 2016 New purchases	20,357,777,303	71,148,878,148 23,365,972,023	12,589,570,722	4,121,475,444	4,775,160,990	112,992,862,607 23,686,347,932
rransfer from construction in progress Disposal	11,801,190,431	(802,663,162)	(2,079,760,000)	(594,247,130)	(1,725,444,699)	11,801,190,431 (5,202,114,991)
As at 31 December 2016	32,158,967,734	93,712,187,009	10,509,810,722	3,847,604,223	3,049,716,291	143,278,285,979
which: Fully depreciated	4,236,735,526	3,061,007,630	2,278,278,450	2,501,069,565	3,018,852,655	15,095,943,826
Accumulated depreciation: As at 16 May 2016 Depreciation for the period Disposal	(7,458,030,463) (923,173,239)	(19,301,646,733) (7,255,292,151) 802,663,162	(6,096,836,438) (836,862,896) 396,958,764	(3,401,905,179) (205,583,631) 594,247,130	(4,750,426,917) (4,822,440) 1,725,444,699	(41,008,845,730) (9,225,734,357) 3,519,313,755
As at 31 December 2016	(8,381,203,702)	(25,754,275,722)	(6,536,740,570)	(3,013,241,680)	(3,029,804,658)	(46,715,266,332)
Net carrying amount: As at 16 May 2016 As at 31 December 2016	12,899,746,840	51,847,231,415	6,492,734,284	719,570,265	24,734,073	71,984,016,877

12. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

			VND
	Land use rights	Computer software	Total
Cost:			
As at 16 May 2016 New purchases	13,342,681,128	393,195,630 180,250,000	13,735,876,758 180,250,000
As at 31 December 2016	13,342,681,128	573,445,630	13,916,126,758
In which: Fully amortised	-	294,195,630	294,195,630
Accumulated amortisation:			
As at 16 May 2016 Amortisation for the period	(1,545,953,717) (166,783,515)	(285,665,793) (29,473,330)	(1,831,619,510) (196,256,845)
As at 31 December 2016	(1,712,737,232)	(315,139,123)	(2,027,876,355)
Net carrying amount:			
As at 16 May 2016	11,796,727,411	107,529,837	11,904,257,248
As at 31 December 2016	11,629,943,896	258,306,507	11,888,250,403

13. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

Constructions in progress represent assets purchased during the period which are under installation.

14. SHORT-TERM TRADE PAYABLES

		VND
	31 December 2016	16 May 2016
Other parties	823,746,601,449	523,235,587,085
- Pomina Steel Co., Ltd	63,761,669,840	
 Viet Steel Producing & Trading Co., Ltd 	5,978,076,830	102,257,976,938
- Thanh Loi Co., Ltd	-	54,664,820,889
- Other suppliers	754,006,854,779	366,312,789,258
Related parties (Note 26)	58,604,606,309	44,935,315,380
TOTAL	882,351,207,758	568,170,902,465

15. SHORT-TERM ADVANCES FROM CUSTOMERS

		VND
	31 December 2016	16 May 2016
Dragon Bay JSC	10,000,000,000	-
Vincom 1 Construction Managing Co., Ltd	8,786,398,431	_
Quang Ngai Sugar JSC	_	29,180,000,000
Five Star Kim Giang Co., Ltd	27	14,637,741,197
Vinpearl Phu Quoc One Member		
Limited Liability Company	-	5,000,000,000
Other customers	2,241,634,674	1,114,850,396
TOTAL	21,028,033,105	49,932,591,593

16. STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS

				VND
		Increase in	Payment in	31 December
	16 May 2016	the period	the period	2016
•				
Corporate			(0= 0.1= .00 =)	
income tax	4,683,732,286	46,657,792,548	(27,045,492,711)	24,296,032,123
Value-added tax	-	116,645,775,223	(69,275,520,615)	47,370,254,608
Personal				
income tax	1,850,701,281	15,191,530,764	(10,095,344,931)	6,946,887,114
TOTAL	6,534,433,567	178,495,098,535	(106,416,358,257)	78,613,173,845

17. SHORT-TERM ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses mainly represent accrued costs for on-going construction projects.

18. OTHER SHORT-TERM PAYABLES

			VND
		31 December 2016	16 May 2016
	Payable to construction teams	40,743,406,513	21,874,559,284
	Others	40,187,400	482,585,000
	TOTAL	40,783,593,913	22,357,144,284
19.	PROVISIONS		
			VND
		31 December 2016	16 May 2016
	Short-term		
	Construction warranty	24,592,996,321	40,057,905,558
	Long-term		
	Severance allowance		722,306,306

Unicons Investment Construction Company Limited (formerly known as Uy Nam Investment Construction Joint Stock Company)

20. OWNER'S EQUITY

20.1 Increase and decrease in owner's equity

				1 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 1 - 1	ONN
	contributed charter capital	Other owner's capital	Investment and development fund	Undistributed earnings	Total
annary	For the period from 1 January 2016 to 15 May 2016				
	94,500,000,000	89,996,634,545	164,812,563,156	141,616,561,192 39,508,702,573	490,925,758,893 39,508,702,573
e e	94,500,000,000	89,996,634,545	164,812,563,156	181,125,263,765	530,434,461,466
ay 20	For the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 20	2016			
,	94,500,000,000	89,996,634,545	164,812,563,156	181,125,263,765 181,737,202,890	530,434,461,466 181,737,202,890
	94,500,000,000	89,996,634,545	164,812,563,156	362,862,466,655	712,171,664,356

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2016 and for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

20. OWNER'S EQUITY (continued)

20.2 Contributed charter capital

	As per Enterprise Certifica			
	Charter capital amount (VND)	% of ownership	Contributed charter capital (VND)	Uncontributed charter capital (VND)
Coteccons Construction Joint Stock Company	94,500,000,000	100	94,500,000,000	

20.3 Capital transactions with owner and distribution of profits

	Current period	Previous period
Contributed share capital		
Beginning and ending balances	94,500,000,000	94,500,000,000

21. REVENUES

21.1 Net revenues from sale of goods and rendering of services

	Current period	Previous period
Revenue from rendering of construction services (*) Revenue from sale of construction materials	4,132,213,112,183 55,791,279,645	1,040,964,635,685 144,526,260,242
TOTAL	4,188,004,391,828	1,185,490,895,927
In which: Sales to related parties Sales to other parties	2,326,567,295,039 1,861,437,096,789	728,708,466,146 456,782,429,781

(*) Revenue from construction contracts recognised during the period are as follows:

		VND
	Current period	Previous period
Revenue from the completed construction		
contracts recognised during the period Revenue from the on-going construction	87,810,641,481	10,336,472,183
contracts recognised during the period	4,044,402,470,702	1,030,628,163,502
TOTAL	4,132,213,112,183	1,040,964,635,685

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2016 and for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

21. **REVENUES** (continued)

21.2	Finance income		
			VND
		Current period	Previous period
	Interest income Foreign exchange gains	16,333,211,131 94,156,945	6,090,554,843 35,697,421
	TOTAL	16,427,368,076	6,126,252,264
22.	COST OF SERVICES RENDERED		
			VND
		Current period	Previous period
	Cost of rendered construction services Cost of sale construction materials	3,868,036,081,916 55,395,296,891	979,773,424,340 141,818,353,822
	TOTAL	3,923,431,378,807	1,121,591,778,162
23.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		
			VND
		Current period	Previous period
	Labour costs Expense for external services Depreciation and amortisation Other expenses	34,342,361,194 15,996,577,811 1,328,892,910 10,963,449,173	16,428,934,563 5,058,239,937 1,155,086,773 3,402,477,872
	TOTAL	62,631,281,088	26,044,739,145
24.	OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES		VND
		Current period	Previous period
	Other income Reversal of warranty provision Gains from disposal of fixed assets Others	11,877,268,952 11,099,366,482 49,518,096 728,384,374	7,503,461,793 7,039,393,282 9,090,909 454,977,602
	Other expenses Others	(1,121,645,953) (1,121,645,953)	(517,683,475) (517,683,475)
	NET INCOME	10,755,622,999	6,985,778,318

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2016 and for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

25. CORPORATE INCOME TAX

The statutory corporate income tax ("CIT") rate applicable to the Company is 20% of taxable profits.

The tax returns filed by the Company are subject to examination by the tax authorities. As the application of tax laws and regulations is susceptible to varying interpretations, the amounts reported in the financial statements could change at a later date upon final determination by the tax authorities.

25.1 CIT expense

		VND
	Current period	Previous period
Current tax expense Adjustment for under accrual of tax from	46,107,552,272	9,996,498,322
prior periods	550,240,276	-
Deferred tax expense (income)	151,280,272	(7,474,598)
TOTAL	46,809,072,820	9,989,023,724
Reconciliation between CIT expense and presented below:	the accounting profit mult	iplied by CIT rate is
	Current period	Previous period
Accounting profit before tax	228,546,275,710	49,497,726,297
At CIT rate of 20%	45,709,255,142	9,899,545,259
Adjustments: Adjustment for under accrual of tax from prior year	550,240,276	
Non-deductible expenses	549,577,402	89,478,465

25.2 Current tax

CIT expense

The current tax payable is based on taxable profit for the current period. The taxable profit of the Company for the period differs from the profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods and it further excludes items that are not taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted by the balance sheet date.

46,809,072,820

9,989,023,724

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2016 and for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

25. CORPORATE INCOME TAX (continued)

25.3 Deferred tax

The following is the deferred tax assets recognised by the Company, and the movement thereon, during the current and previous periods:

				VND
	Balance sheet		Income	statement
	31 December 2016	16 May 2016	Current period	Previous period
Deferred tax assets Provision for				
severance allowance	-	151,018,765	(151,018,765)	7,208,765
Unrealised foreign exchange differences		261,507	(261,507)	265,833
		151,280,272		
Deferred income tax (expense) income		(151,280,272)	7,474,598

26. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Significant transactions with related parties during the current and previous periods were as follows:

				VND
Related parties	Relationship	Nature of transaction	Current period	Previous period
Coteccons Construction Joint Stock	Parent company	Rendering of construction services Sales of construction	2,279,797,176,914	669,045,821,960
Company		materials Rental of construction	17,838,783,811	51,576,070,318
		equipment Rental of office Utilities	6,325,046,740 2,553,093,543 306,951,740	1,297,797,654 1,850,189,504 115,140,820
Ricons	Related	Purchases of		
Construction Investment	party	construction materials Sales of construction	176,897,018,783	48,152,815,258
Joint Stock Company		materials Disposal of	28,931,334,314	8,086,573,868
y		fixed assets Rental of construction	1,732,319,332	-
		equipment	43,710,050	4,100,850

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2016 and for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

26. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

The outstanding balances due from and due to related parties as at balance sheet dates were as follows:

Related party	Relationship	Transaction 3	31 December 2016	VND 16 May 2016		
Short-term tra	Short-term trade receivables					
Coteccons Construction Joint Stock Company	Parent company	Rendering of construction services and sales of construction materials	603,230,746,375	184,540,632,915		
Ricons Construction Investment Joint Stock Company	Related party	Sales of construction materials and rental of construction equipment		4,706,961,127		
			603,230,746,375	189,247,594,042		
Short-term tra	de payables					
Ricons Construction Investment Joint Stock Company	Related party	Purchase of construction materials and rental of construction equipment	50,049,103,844	43,573,796,602		
Coteccons Construction Joint Stock Company	Parent company	Rental of construction equipment and office	8,555,502,465	1,361,518,778		
			58,604,606,309	44,935,315,380		
Remuneration to members of Board of Directors, Board of Supervision and Management are as follows:						
				VND		
			Current period	Previous period		
Remuneration,	salaries and bo	onus	6,310,354,001	1,248,400.000		

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2016 and for the period from 16 May 2016 to 31 December 2016

27. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

Operating lease commitments represent committed amounts relating to office and warehouse lease under the operating lease agreement. Future rental amounts due as at the balance sheet dates are as follows:

		VND
	31 December 2016	16 May 2016
Less than 1 year From 1 to 5 years	3,138,176,362 141,576,271	3,219,936,000 1,876,896,000
TOTAL	3,279,752,633	5,096,832,000

28. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

There are no other significant events occurring after the balance sheet date which would require adjustments or disclosures to be made in the financial statements.

Ngo Hong Nguyen Preparer Nguyen Thi Phuc Long Chief Accountant Nguyen Sy Cong General Director

ANH-T.PH

